

MODAL VERBS - notebooks are the best for your test

 <p>_____ (bi) you mind if I try your milk. It _____ (mora) be delicious. - NO, you _____ _____ (ni ti dovoljeno) to do that.</p>	 <p>Hello, Gladis, _____ (lahko) I walk you home? Certainly you _____ (lahko). You _____ (smeti) even hold my hand.</p>	 <p>I don't know how to reach the Bahamas. Those seagulls _____ (morati) know. When they come closer I _____ _____ (morati) ask them.</p>
 <p>I hate washing up. I _____ (morati) hide myself somewhere, so someone else _____ _____ (bo moral) do it instead.</p>	 <p>_____ (naj) we go to the photographer in the afternoon? - Yes, that _____ (bi) be nice.</p>	 <p>_____ (bi lahko) you explain what the future holds for me? - Yes, you _____ (moral boš) finish school, find a job and pay the taxes.</p>
 <p>You _____ (smeti) go home after you finish doing your homework. Oh, hell, I _____ (moram) get out of here somehow.</p>	 <p>I _____ (ni bilo treba) work on Sunday and I _____ (sem lahko) enjoy the afternoon sun. I wish that that _____ (bi) happen more often.</p>	 <p>I _____ (morala bi) do something about my hair. I _____ (ne bi smela) wait any longer. Yes, you certainly _____ (morala bi)</p>
<p>Ali lahko odpreš okno? Moral bi biti že tu. Ni mu bilo treba iti. Nujno moram dobiti dragoceni prstan. Ali bi lahko dobil časopis. Ne smeš voziti prehitro.</p>	<p>Mora biti doma. V prihodnosti bomo mogoče lahko potovali na Mars. Ali naj preživimo počitnice v gorah? Ne morem povedati. Ni treba povedati. Ne smeš iti.</p>	<p>Pravila moramo ubogati. Ni mu treba vstati ob šestih. Ali naj ti prinesem zvezek? Ni ti dovoljeno jezikati. Popoldne moram skuhati kosilo. Ali bi sporočila?</p>
<p>Ali bil lako počakal pri telefonu? Kmalu bi moralo biti v redu. Ali boš piškot? Ne morem odgovoriti na vprašanje. Ni ti dovoljeno hoditi tu. Lahko greš.</p>	<p>Moram kupiti nove kavbojke (uaaaa). Skoči bo lahko tri metre. Ni ji bilo treba priti. Ni smel stopiti na nogo. Ni mogel hoditi. Moral bi kupiti nov zvezek.</p>	<p>Ali naj igramo nogomet? Ko je hujšal ni smel jesti kruha. Lahko smo videli zelo daleč. Ni mi bilo treba pisati. Ali bi rad skodelico kave? Ne smem piti kave.</p>

IF CLAUSES

<p>If you (find) a wallet in the street, what ___ you (do) with it? F / P If I were Mr Sodja ... If I don't take a test ...</p>	<p>My friend (be) annoyed if I (be) not on time. F / P They will speak up ... She would call you ...</p>	<p>If I (know) Garry (be) in hospital, I (visit) him. F / P They'd arrive on time ... If he gets up earlier ...</p>
<p>If the phone (ring), I (answer) it. F / P If they didn't know me ... Mel will travel to London ...</p>	<p>What ..you (do) if you (be) in my position. F / P I would follow his words You will be late ...</p>	<p>If it (be) nice weather we (can go) to the beach. F / P If I get the 7.30 train ... If you saw Mrs Dobnik in the street ...</p>
<p>If it (be) warmer, I (not mind) going out. F / P If I buy a new car ... If Dan finds Rich...</p>	<p>If you (have) enough money where .. you (go)? F / P Lisa will scream ... Garry would call the police ...</p>	<p>We (get) lost if we (not have) a map. F / P A lot of people would dance ... Sue will come too...</p>
<p>If you (have) a lot of money, where .. you (travel)? F / P If I find a stray cat ... If I won a lottery ...</p>	<p>If you (drive) carefully, an accident (not happen) F / P Some people will come ... Peter would have a strange dream ...</p>	<p>If I (not read) newspapers, I (not know) what is happening in the world. F / P If someone stole your favourite cd ... If Sally gets a job ...</p>
<p>If Liz (go) to bed early enough she (not be) tired. F / P I would call you ... I will go on a diet ...</p>	<p>I (be) surprised if Sarah (come) to see us. F / P If I was attacked by a dog ... If you go out this evening ...</p>	<p>I (not get) very wet if I (have) an umbrella. F / P We wouldn't be late ... I will call Mark ...</p>

PASSIVE

CASTLE FIRE	ROAD DELAYS	SHOP ROBBERY	ACCIDENT
Winton Castle _____ (damage) in a fire last night. The fire, which _____ (discover) at about 9 o'clock, spread very quickly. Nobody _____ (injure), but two people had to _____ (rescue) from an upstairs room. A number of paintings _____ (destroy). It _____ (know) how the fire started. The damage _____ (assess) to reach £ 9,000,000.	Repair work started yesterday on the Paxham-Longworth road. The road _____ (resurface) and there will be long delays. Drivers _____ (ask) to use an alternative route if possible. The work _____ (expect) to last two weeks. Next Sunday the road _____ (close), and traffic _____ (divert).	In Paxham yesterday a shop assistant _____ (force) to hand over £ 500 after _____ (threaten) by a man with a knife. The man escaped in a car which _____ (steal) earlier in the day. The car _____ (later / find) in a car park where it _____ (abandon) by the thief. A man _____ (arrest) with connection with the robbery and _____ (still / question) by the police.	A woman _____ (take) to hospital after her car collided with a lorry near Norstock yesterday. She _____ (allow) home after treatment. The road _____ (block) for an hour after the accident, and traffic had to _____ (divert). A police inspector said afterwards: "The woman was lucky. She could _____ (kill)."
Dangerous driving causes many accidents. They made cheese from milk. Ob sedmih bodo postregli s pijačo. Ravnokar so oddali pošto.	They will knock down the old house. Someone has broken the window. Streha hiše je bila poškodovana. Ali je dvorana vsak dan očiščena?	Someone will follow you to the station. He always finishes his work in time. Novega mostu še niso zgradili. Tat je bil aretiran.	They have invited a lot of people. Do they fill these bottles with gas? Ali je bil bokсар knockoutiran? Odgovori bodo poslani po e-pošti.
My mother taught me to swim. She's opened her present. Vsako leto kupimo veliko daril. Veliko ljudi bo obiskalo muzej.	They kill a lot of people in accidents. Someone will find my hat eventually. Polet iz Moskve je zamujal. Ravnokar so pozvonili.	They will open a new shop. They have cleaned all the windows. Včeraj je odposlal paket. V tej predavalnici delajo izpite.	Geoffrey has done Alice a new haircut. Zoe always greets Mrs Bond. Janko je izumil novo marelo. Metka bo spekla piškote.

PREPOSITIONAL and PHRASAL VERBS

1. 1. Verjamem v srečo. 2. Onesnaževanje se mi zdi pomembno. 3. Razkazal mu je hišo. 4. Zmigaj se že!	1. 2. Bodi previden. 2. Odvrgli so veliko odpadkov. 3. Odvisni so od tuje pomoči. 4. Skrbi za ostarele starše.	1. 3. Vrgel mu je žogo. 2. Rada imam gledališče. 3. Po desetem poskusu so prenehali. 4. Prečrtal je napako.
1. 4. Motor avta se je pokvaril. 2. Z je pogasil ogenj. 3. Pogovoril se je z mamo. 4. Uspel je pri plezanju.	1. 5. Zabil mu je kamen. 2. Pisal je predsedniku. 3. Izpolnil je formular. 4. Tekači so upočasnili.	1. 6. Ali lahko počakate? 2. Stari grad so porušili. 3. Ponosni smo na svoj uspeh. 4. Poslušali smo glasbo.
1. 7. Opravičil se je za napako. 2. Pazi na mlajšega brata. 3. Nadaljevala je s pospravljanjem. 4. Radio je dal bolj na glas.	1. 8. Zaprošil je za službo. 2. Odgovor mu je zavpil. 3. Letalo je vzletelo. 4. Poiskal je pomen besede.	1. 9. Pomil je posodo. 2. Govori glasneje, prosim. 3. Kaj pa gledaš? 4. Iščem nalivnik.
1. 10. Ljudje so čakali na avtobus. 2. Odšel je v Ljubljano. 3. Jaka je bil knockoutiran. 4. Nenadoma se je prebudil.	1. 11. Prižgal je luč. 2. Opustil je kajenje. 3. Učiteljica se je drla na učence. 4. Policija je iskala kriminalca.	1. 12. Smejali so se mojemu klobuku. 2. Pokaži na svoj nos. 3. Pokliči me, pa bomo videli. 4. Ko boste odrasli, boste počeli, kar vas je volja.

1. Pohiti, prosim!
2. Ponosen sem nate.
3. Vstali smo zelo zgodaj.
4. Uspeli so pri košarki.

**WRITE SHORT SUMMARIES OF
THE UNITS (10 - 15 SENTENCES)**

VERB + PREPOSITION

TALK TO	Govoriti z nekom
LISTEN TO	Poslušati
WRITE TO	Pisati
APOLOGISE TO SB FOR	Opravičiti se nekomu
LOOK / STARE AT	gledati, strmeli v nekoga
LAUGH AT	Smejati se nekomu
POINT AT	Pokazati na nekaj
SHOUT AT SB	Dreti se na nekoga v jezi
SHOUT TO SB	Zavpiti nekomu
THROW AT	Zabrisati v nekoga
THROW TO	Vreči nekomu
BELIEVE IN	Verjeti

CARE ABOUT SB / STH	Imeti za pomembnega
CARE FOR	Skrbeti za, imeti rad
TAKE CARE OF	Skrbeti za
APPLY FOR	Zaprositi za (službo)
WAIT FOR	Čakati na
SEARCH FOR	Iskati
LEAVE FOR	Oditi v
LOOK FOR	Iskati
LOOK AFTER	Skrbeti za, paziti na
DEPEND ON	Biti odvisen
PROUD OF	Biti ponosen
SUCCEED IN	Uspeti v

HOLD ON	Wait – počakaj
CARRY ON	Continue – nadaljevati
OFF	
TAKE OFF	Leave the ground – vzleteti
UP	
WAKE UP	Stop sleeping – zbuditi se
GET UP	Get out of bed - vstati
GROW UP	Become an adult – odrasti
SPEAK UP	Speak more loudly – govoriti glasneje
WASH UP	Wash the dishes – pomiti
HURRY UP	Go more quickly – pohiteti
GIVE UP	Stop trying – obupati
DOWN	
BREAK DOWN	Stop working – pokvariti se
SLOW DOWN	Go more slowly – upočasniti

CROSS OUT (a mistake)	Make a line across sth. – prečrtati
KNOCK OUT	Make unconscious – knock outirati
ON / OFF	
SWITCH ON / OFF	Turn on / off – prižgati, ugasniti
UP	
RING UP	Telephone – poklicati po tel
GIVE UP	Stop sth – prenehati
LOOK UP (A WORD)	Find its meaning – poiskati pom.
TURN UP / DOWN	Make louder / quieter – pojačati jakost, utišati
DOWN	
KNOCK DOWN	Demolish – porušiti
ROUND	
SHOW ROUND	Take sb on a tour – razkazati
AWAY	
THROW AWAY	Dump – odvreči

PHRASAL VERBS

OUT	
LOOK / WATCH OUT	Be careful – pazi
ON	
COME ON	Be quick / hurry – daj že

IN	
FILL IN (a form)	Complete a form – izpolniti formular
OUT	
PUT OUT (fire, cigarette)	Stop – ugasniti

1. CHOOSE THE CORRECT VERB + PREPOSITION.

- a. We are _____ a bus.
- b. Jane _____ a ball _____ her friend.
- c. She _____ her friends.
- d. Thomas _____ Mrs Hunt _____ breaking the window.
- e. They need some assistants and I'm going to _____ a job.
- f. We should _____ the environment.
- g. A lot of people _____ God.
- h. Children _____ their parents.
- i. Jan _____ a snowball _____ the teacher.
- j. I have been _____ my watch for two hours and I still haven't found it.
- k. Jane _____ getting a job yesterday.
- l. The angry father _____ his children.
- m. We are _____ the teacher when s/he is talking.
- n. What are you _____? – At your silly haircut.
- o. Parents are _____ their children if they are successful.
- p. You should _____ the president if you think that would help.
- q. Don't be quiet. _____ me and tell me what bothers you.
- r. Babysitters _____ other people's babies.
- s. I couldn't hear so he _____ his name _____ me.
- t. The zoo-keeper _____ the animals.
- u. The police _____ the lost diamonds.
- v. Peter _____ Ljubljana an hour ago.
- w. _____ Egypt on the map.
- x. Elisabeth was enchanting. Everyone was _____ her.

2. TRANSLATE THE SENTENCES.

- | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| a. Mary je strmela v napis. | i. Učiteljica se je drla na otroke. | q. Rad imam dobre filme. |
| b. Ted je bil ponosen na svoj uspeh. | j. Vrzi mi žogo. | r. Poslušaj me. |
| c. Zaposila sem za službo. | k. Ne skrbimo dovolj za čisto okolje. | s. Janezu se boš moral za to opravičiti. |
| d. Toby verjame v poštenost. | l. Skrbi za urejen videz. | t. Pokaži na nalivnik. |
| e. Tat je zabrisal vrečo v policaja. | m. Smejali so se novemu modelu avta. | u. Piši babici. |
| f. Odvisni smo od časa. | n. Iščemo novo trgovino. | v. Opravičili so se za nastalo škodo. |
| g. Odgovor mu je zavpil. | o. Starši skrbijo za otroke. | w. Chris se je pogovarjal z Emmo. |
| h. Iščem knjigo. | p. Odšel je v London. | x. Čakamo na prijatelje. |

3. REWRITE THE SENTENCES BY USING THE PHRASAL VERBS INSTEAD OF THEIR BOLD COUNTERPARTS.

- a. Jane **stopped** the fire.
- b. Could you **wait** a moment, please?
- c. The plane **left the ground**.
- d. The boxer was **hit and made unconscious**.
- e. I have just **completed** the form.
- f. I **drew a line across** a mistake.
- g. John **continued** singing.
- h. Could you **speak more loudly**, please?
- i. Our car **stopped working** yesterday.
- j. I **wash the dishes** every day.
- k. Jerry **became an adult**.
- l. Terry **went more slowly**.
- m. When I cross the street, I **am** always **careful**.
- n. I **dumped** some rubbish.
- o. You can **telephone** me in the afternoon.
- p. **Try and find** the meaning of the word in a dictionary.
- q. Let me **take** you **on a tour of our town**.
- r. The old museum **was demolished**.
- s. Will you **turn on** the lights, please?
- t. I **made** the radio **louder**.
- u. We have to **go more quickly**.
- v. He **stopped trying**.
- w. Look at the time! **Be quick!**
- x. In the morning I hate **getting out of bed**.
- y. Jack **stopped sleeping** at 7 in the morning.
- z. My father-in-law **stopped** smoking.
- a.a. I **turned off** the lights when I went to bed.
- b.b. I **made** the radio **quieter**.

4. TRANSLATE THE SENTENCES. USE PHRASAL VERBS.

- a. Peter je nadaljeval s popravilanjem avta.
- b. Morala sem počakati pri telefonu.
- c. Prečrtal je pet besed.
- d. Vsi so ugasnili cigarete.
- e. Izpolnili smo formular za prijavo za službo.
- f. Staro zgradbo so podrli.
- g. Razkazal jim je stavnovanje.
- h. Odvrgli smo veliko nepotrebnih stvari.
- i. Mali Billy je obupal in zaspal.
- j. Pohiteli smo na avtobusno postajo.
- k. Pomila je posodo.
- l. Ob treh zjutraj jih je zbudil hrup v dnevni sobi.
- m. V srednji šoli bomo morali vsajati zelo zgodaj.
- n. Pika Nogavička ni hotela odrasti.
- o. Kadar prečkaš cesto, bodi previden.
- p. Upam, da bi govorili glasneje. Čisto nič ga ne slišim.
- q. Poklič me v sredo, pa ti bom povedala novico.
- r. Ted je prenehal piti.
- s. Poiščite besede v slovarju.
- t. Ali bi lahko prosim dal radio bolj na glas?
- u. Že ob šestih zjutraj so prižgali vse luči.
- v. Vse nasprotnike je v ringu premagal s knock outom.
- w. Pokvarila se nam je električna kosilnica.
- x. Približujemo se semaforju zato moramo upočasniti.
- y. Letalo je vzletelo s pristajalne steze.
- z. Daj že no. Nimamo toliko časa.
- aa.

TENSES

- If I _____ (find) my long lost diamond ring now, I _____ (be) very happy. I _____ (get) it as a wedding present from my mother.
- Michael _____ never _____ (beat) in tennis. He _____ (win) all the matches so far. He _____ (play) tennis since he _____ (be) a kid.
- We _____ (spend) our next holiday in Australia if we _____ (save) enough money for it. Last year we _____ (go) to the USA and it _____ (be) great.
- Yesterday Jane _____ (answer) all her exam questions correctly. I _____ (hope) she _____ (pass) it with flying colours.
- While Toby _____ (do) a bungee jump yesterday, a fly _____ (land) in his mouth because he _____ (scream). Poor fly.
- Just look at him. He _____ (express) some silly ideas about us having to do our homework at home. I _____ (tell) him what I _____ (think) of him when I _____ (grow) up.
- _____ Markus _____ (not celebrate) his 70th anniversary last year. No, he _____ (celebrate) it today. Jane's anniversary _____ (celebrate) then.
- Your car _____ (repair) sometime next week, probably on Friday. So _____ you _____ (give) me a ring on Thursday and I _____ (tell) you.
- This road _____ (close) until further notice. All drivers _____ kindly _____ (request) to take the detour. Walking _____ (be) another possibility or you _____ as well _____ (can stay) at home.

1. This fish _____ (swim) in the sea since 1999.



3. **These** cakes _____ (be) very good. I _____ (eat) three in a minute.



10. Laura _____ (travel) around the world for the last six months. She _____ (plan) to come home next month. Let's hope she _____ (return) safely.

11. _____ the magazines _____ (not leave) on the table last night. I _____ (look) for them the whole morning today. – No, Jane _____ (take) them at 7.

12. Oh, what a bad breath, Tim! What _____ you _____ (do)? – Nothing, Mum. I _____ (not eat) since yesterday. I _____ (wash) my teeth in a minute.

13. When _____ you _____ (arrive) home yesterday. – I _____ (not know). It _____ (be) already night when John _____ (drop) me in front of our house.

14. Just look at that. This doughnut _____ (be) as hard as a nut. I _____ (call) the waiter. I _____ never _____ (eat) anything like that and I _____ (not intend) to.

15. When _____ we _____ (can, meet)? I _____ (not be) sure. Tomorrow I _____ (have) a speech in the parliament and on Friday I _____ (visit) the Pope.

16. If I _____ (can), I _____ (go) to the seaside now. I _____ (lie) in the sun and I _____ (watch) the boats float by. – How long _____ you _____ (dream)?

17. If the weather _____ (be) fine, tomorrow the construction of the new bridge _____ (complete) and the road _____ (open) soon after that.

18. Let me see, how to plan my week. Aha tomorrow I _____ (visit) Susan, on Friday I _____ (paint) in the garden and on Sunday _____ (take) a day off and I _____ (watch) TV the whole day.

2. My cat _____ (chase) a mouse at seven last night.



4. Maud _____ (come) to dinner every Friday and _____ (drink) tea.



5. Three fish _____ (catch) by John this week. 
7. Last Monday some green apples _____ (find) by Nicholas. He _____ (eat) the whole week. 
9. Tim and Tom _____ (check) Henry's height at the moment. 
11. Peter _____ (lie) in the sun yesterday morning. 
13. A present _____ (not receive) for the next Christmas. It _____ (not be) in a box. 
15. Joyce's toys _____ (break) by Roy every day. 
17. Yesterday they _____ (run) and they _____ (win). 
19. They _____ (laugh) at me at the moment and I _____ (be) very angry 
6. The cakes _____ never _____ (steal) by Harry; they _____ (steal) by T. 
8. A mad hat _____ (buy) by George three days ago. After that he _____ (feel) miserable. 
10. Another egg _____ (lay) by this hen in the future. 
12. Paul _____ (like) his last holidays. He _____ (go) to Switzerland. 
14. Michael _____ (dig) in the garden for three hours now. 
16. Angry Joyce _____ (shoot) Roy with a water gun soon. 
18. Tony _____ (sing) a happy tune two minutes ago. 
20. This cow _____ (spend) her free time on a meadow since last year. 

WH QUESTIONS

ZNAČAJ - What ... like	VIDEZ - What (do) ... look like	KRIŽI, TEŽAVE - What ... the matter	POKLIC - What ... do
He is honest. She is kind. He was hard-working. She was serious. They were light-hearted. They are generous. She was mean. He is polite. They will be impolite. They will be patient. He is reliable. She is friendly. He was dishonest. She was adventurous. They are lazy. She is shy. He is open.	They are messy. He is tall. She is short. He was fat. She was thin. She is slim. She was pretty. He is handsome. She is attractive. They were good-looking. She is beautiful. He is cute. They are ugly. They are plump. She will be average tall. He will be fashionable. They will be elegant.	He has measles. She has flu. They have a headache. She was ill. He had a broken leg. They were dead. He will be angry. She will be happy. She was sad. He had a broken nose. He has a bad cough. She has a toothache. They had a temperature. She doesn't feel well. She has a sore throat. They were sick. He has mumps.	He is a cook. She was a hairdresser. He was a teacher. She is a seamstress. They are mechanics. They were policemen. They will be bankers. She will be a clerk. He will be a manager. They were actors. She was a musician. He was a director. He is a butcher. She is a doctor. They are nurses. He will be a cleaner. She will be a librarian.

OSTALO

Robert's got a problem. He can't get into his trousers. He can't run very fast. He must go on a diet. He won't be able to eat chocolate bars. He'll have to give up chips. He eats too many calories. His body stores extra calories as fat. He should take more exercise. It's more fun than diet. He feels fitter and healthier. Carla Bennett has a very balanced diet. She eats a lot of fruit and vegetables. She eats plenty of fibre, vitamins, minerals. She gets protein from fish. She doesn't eat chocolate and sweets instead of a meal. Jacob Curtis has got an unhealthy diet.	The chicken and dairy products provide protein. He gets carbohydrates from pasta, bread, rice. He doesn't eat any fruit or vegetables. He doesn't get important vitamins. Sue's diet is unhealthy. She eats some good things. They are nuts, pasta and tomatoes. She doesn't eat enough for a teenager. She doesn't get enough protein. She doesn't eat enough vegetables. She misses meals. The most important meal is breakfast. John's diet seems unhealthy. It isn't bad. He eats plenty of meat, vegetables. He gets all the important things. He eats too much fat. He should eat less meat and more fish.	It's very important to eat a balanced diet. Your body needs five things. These are carbohydrates, protein, fibre, vitamins and minerals. We get energy from complex carbohydrates. Carbohydrates are bread, potatoes, rice, pasta and cereals. Complex carbohydrates should be the largest part of a meal. Protein comes from meat, fish, cheese and eggs. Vegetarians get a lot of protein from beans. Proteins help to build your body. Meat and cheese contain a lot of fat. We get most of our fibre, vitamins and minerals from fruit and vegetables. Vitamin C helps your body to fight infections. We should eat balanced food.
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ADJECTIVES

Adjective	Its opposite meaning
Quiet (tih, miren)	Lively (živahen)
Calm (miren)	Nervous (živčen)
Energetic (energičen)	Calm (miren)
Clever, bright (bister)	Silly (prismojen), stupid
Studious (študiozen)	Lazy, uninterested (nezainteresiran)
Neat, tidy (urejen)	Messy, untidy (neurejen)
Well-organized (dobro organiziran)	Messy, untidy
Reliable (zanesljiv)	Unreliable (nezanesljiv)
Competitive (tekmovalen)	Incompetitive (netek.)
Critical (kritičen)	Uncritical (nekritočen)
Serious (resen)	Light-hearted (lahkomiselni)
Sociable (družaben)	Unsociable (nedružaben)
Bossy (ukazovalen)	Submissive (pokoren), obedient (ubogljiv)
Friendly (prijazen)	Unfriendly (neprijazen)
Possessive (gospodovalen, lastniški)	Unselfish (nesebičen)
authoritarian (avtoritativen)	Permissive (dopusten)
Romantic (romantičen)	Realistic (realističen)
Stubborn (trmast)	Indecisive (neodločen)
Adventurous (pustolovski)	Unadventurous (nepustolovski)
Trustful (zaupanja vreden)	Distrustful (nezaupljiv)
Enthusiastic (navdušen)	Uninterested, indifferent (nezainteresiran)

Adjective	Its opposite meaning
Hard-working (delaven)	Lazy (len)
Secure (siguren, zanesljiv)	Insecure (nesiguren)
Flexible (prilagodljiv)	Rigid (okorel, neprilagod.)
Different (drugačen)	Usual (običajen)
Lively (živahen)	Dull (dolgočasen)
Helpful (uslužen, ustrežljiv)	Unhelpful (neustrežljiv)
Generous (radodaren)	Mean (skop, zloben)
Trustworthy (zaupanja vreden)	Irresponsible (neodgovoren)
Deep (globok)	Sloppy (površen, plehek)
Patient (potrpežljiv)	Impatient (nepotrpežljiv)
Selfish (sebičen)	Unselfish (nesebičen)
Practical joker (tisti, ki se norčuje), ironic (ironičen)	Sympathetic (sočuten)
Amuzing (zabaven)	Boring (dolgočasen)
Important (pomemben)	Unimportant (nepomemben)
Shy (plašen), coy (sramežljiv)	Open (odprt)
Moody (muhast)	Steady (preudaren, trden, trezen)
Pushy (vsiljiv)	Tactful (takten)
Honest (pošten)	Dishonest (nepošten)
Responsible (odgovoren)	Irresponsible (neodgovoren)
Naïve (naiven)	Cautious (previden), careful
Polite (vljuden)	Impolite (nevljuden)

WRITE THE OPOSITES 1

+	-	Slovene
kind	unkind	prijazen/neprijazen
	dishonest	
responsible		
	unfriendly	
helpful		
	unadventurous	
reliable		
	untidy	
possible		
	irrational	
polite		

+	-	Slovene
	impatient	
practical		
	unimportant	
happy		
	unusual	
balanced		
	unconscious	
secure		
	illegal	
ordered		
	independent	

WRITE THE OPOSITES 2

		Slovene
bright	stupid	bister / neumen
friendly		
different		
possessive		
studious		
honest		
sympathetic		
lazy		
calm		
lively		
energetic		

		Slovene
practical		
adventurous		
responsible		
competitive		
shy		
moody		
pushy		
stubborn		
naïve		
helpful		
neat		

CHOOSE ONE WORD FROM THE BOX.

HARD-WORKING, QUIET, NEAT, CLEVER, ENTHUSIASTIC, INSECURE, FLEXIBLE, MESSY, BOSSY, AMUSING, DERAMY, ENERGETIC, RELIABLE, EASYGOING, PUSHY

- Tidy your room. It's so _____.
- We can visit you on Saturday or Sunday; our plans are very _____.
- Our teacher is very _____. She doesn't mind if we are late for classes.
- Bob won't be a successful businessman. He is not _____ enough.
- His jokes are very _____.
- Gary is so _____ - that's why he doesn't ask Daisy for a dance.
- He is not especially _____, but he is a _____ student.
- Mrs Cage leads a very _____ life. She seldom goes out.
- I bought him a CD for his birthday and he was very _____ about it.
- My boyfriend is very _____. He doesn't live in the real world.
- Agassi is a very _____ tennis player. - Yes, he's full of energy.
- My elder brother thinks he can give me orders. He is so _____.
- Cats are _____ animals.
- I don't think he'll come - he is not very _____.

COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING SENTENCES WITH ONE WORD THAT IS OPPOSITE IN MEANING TO THE WORD IN BRACKETS.

- When the children met the queen, they were too _____ (open) to speak.
- He is very _____ (generous) with his money.
- Tom is so _____ (honest) that he steals from his family.
- I like Lucy because she is so _____ (lazy).
- The teacher was very _____ (patient).
- It's very _____ (polite) to talk with your mouth full.
- It's great fun to be with Joe because he's so _____ (serious).
- Everyone stared at her because her clothes were so _____ (usual).
- I trust him because he is _____ (unreliable).
- English is difficult because of the _____ (regular) verbs.

USE IM-, IN-, IR-, UN-, DIS- AND TRANSLATE THE COMBINATIONS.

Dis-	honest	nepošten
	polite	
	friendly	
	reliable	
	important	
	fair	
	practical	
	mature	
	obedient	
	rational	
	regular	

	tidy	
	kind	
	happy	
	adventurous	
	patient	
	usual	
	balanced	
	complete	
	attractive	
	certain	
	helpful	

DESCRIBE YOURSELF

Name, age	
looks	
Character	
(good sides)	
(bad sides)	
Give reasons	
What would	
you like to	
change and	
why	
Interests	

DESCRIBE YOUR BEST FRIEND

Name, age	
looks	
Character	
(good sides)	
(bad sides)	
What would	
you like to	
change and	
why	
Interests	

