

MEĐČASOVNA ANALIZA ČEZMEJNIH STIKOV PREBIVALCEV MONOŠTRA S SOSEDNJO SLOVENIJO

INTERPERIOD ANALYSIS OF CROSSBORDER CONTACTS OF THE INHABITANTS OF MONOŠTER/-SZENTGOTTHARD WITH THE NEIGHBOURING SLOVENIA

Among the different sources shaping the image of Slovenes and of life in Slovenia, respondents from Monošter ascribed greatest significance to direct personal contacts, i.e. visits to Slovenia.

The number of visits to Slovenia is increasing year by year due to unimpeded crossing of the state border, the opening of border crossings in the Porabje, and good neighbourly relations between Slovenia and Hungary. At the same time the number of respondents that have not yet visited Slovenia is constantly diminishing. Most of the visits to Slovenia are of accidental nature.

The prevailing aims of visits to Slovenia are shopping, visiting with relatives, friends and acquaintances, as well as tourism.

The main obstacles to visiting Slovenia are: unfavourable financial situation, lack of language command, bad traffic connections between Monošter (and the Porabje) and Slovenia by means of public transportation, distance from border crossings, high prices in Slovenia, old age and the lack of time.

Keywords: the Porabje, Slovenia, cross-border contacts

Med različnimi viri, ki oblikujejo podobo o Slovencih in o življenju v Sloveniji, so respondenti iz Monoštra največji pomen pripisali osebnim stikom. Število obiskov v Sloveniji (kar je povezano z neoviranim prestopanjem državne, z odprtjem mejnih prehodov v Porabju in z dobrimi sosedskimi med Slovenijo in Madžarsko) iz leta v leto narašča. Hkrati se število respondentov, ki še niso obiskali Slovenije, vztrajno zmanjšuje. Večina obiskovalcev potuje v Slovenijo naključno.

Med cilji potovanja prevladuje nakupovanje, obiskovanje sorodnikov, prijateljev in znancev, kakor tudi turizem. Ovire za potovanja v Slovenijo so zlasti: slabo materialno stanje, nepoznavanje jezika, slaba prometna povezanost Monoštra in Porabja s Slovenijo z javnimi prometnimi sredstvi, oddaljenost od mejnih prehodov, visoke cene v Sloveniji in pomanjkanje časa.

Ključne besede: državljanski nacionalizem, etnični nacionalizem, teorije