

NATIONALITY, CITIZENSHIP AND INTEGRATION, A EUROPEAN PERSPECTIVE *

*The article discusses the interactivity of nationality and integration, or of membership in a state versus membership in a society. With analytical distinction between nominal and substantive citizenship, the significance of citizenship is analysed as a legal bond between a person and a state, as well as a cluster of rights and duties. The tie between citizenship and democracy is the *ethnos* from *demos* has not been realised. In a modern European nation-state, a complete separation of »ethnos« from »demos« has not been realized. Amongst the three prevailing integration models, the pluralistic inclusive model is the one that offers the best perspectives for the solving of tensions between immigration, integration and citizenship. It is in this context that I evaluate different meanings of integration and multiculturalism, especially its potential for substantive citizenship. Within the context of the developing concept of »civic citizenship« from the aspect of recent initiatives within the European Union, »denizenship« as a result of social relation with the state can be interpreted within the frames of the political concept of a society in relation between political community and naturalization of an individual. In most European states there is a trend of incorporation of lawfully and habitually resident aliens into civil society and the state, there is a gradual liberalisation of naturalisation rules, the watering down of the "right of blood" as well as acceptance or at least of dual/multiple nationality..*

Keywords: nationality, citizenship, integration, nation-states

NARODNOST, DRŽAVLJANSTVO IN INTEGRACIJA V EVROPSKI PERSPEKTIVI

V prispevku razpravljam interaktivnost državljanstva in integracije oziroma članstva v državi nasproti članstvu v družbi. Z analitično distinkcijo med nominalnim in vsebinskim državljanstvom, je pomen državljanstva analiziran kot legalna vez med posameznikom in državo in kot skupek pravic in dolžnosti. Vez med državljanstvom in demokracijo je 'demos' politične skupnosti. V moderni evropski nacionalni državi popolna ločitev 'ethnosa' od 'demosa' še ni realizirana. Med tremi prevladujočimi integracijskimi modeli, pluralistični inkluzivni model ponuja najboljše perspektive za reševanje napetosti med imigracijo, integracijo in državljanstvom. V tem kontekstu ocenjujem različne pomene integracije in multikulturalizma, zlasti njegovega potenciala za vsebinsko državljanstvo. V okviru razvijanja koncepta »civilnega državljanstva« z vidika nedavnih pobud v okviru Evropske unije, je »denizenship« kot rezultat družbenega odnosa z državo lahko tolmačen v okviru političnega koncepta družbe v odnosu med politično skupnostjo in naturalizacijo posameznika. V večini evropskih držav obstaja trend vključevanja zakonito in običajno prebivajočih tujih državljanov v civilno družbo in državo, k postopni liberalizaciji pravil o naturalizaciji, vodenitvi "pravice krvi" ter k priznavanju ali toleriranju dvojnega/večkratnega državljanstva.

Ključne besede: narodnost, državljanstvo, integracija, nacionalne države